

Nascot Wood Junior School

Behaviour Policy 2022

1.1 Vision, aims and values

Everything that we do and achieve at Nascot Wood Junior School is underpinned by our vision that *we are a community of learners, fostering and developing a life-long love of learning*. This vision is further reinforced by the school's aims and values:



1.2 The Behaviour principles

The three principles of behaviour have been agreed by the Staff and the Governing Body. They are that everyone should:



2.0 Behaviour culture

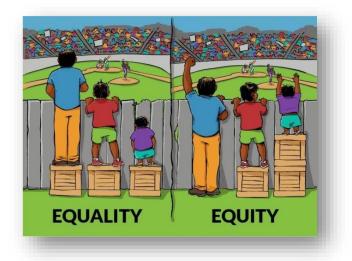
We value our partnership working with all stakeholders and therefore this policy has been written in collaboration with: pupils, parents, staff and governors and reflects our priorities when managing behaviour.

At Nascot Wood Junior School we have developed a culture of inclusion, high aspiration and excellence. Pupils are taught to value their education, including understanding its financial cost, make the most of the opportunities they are given and ensure that they contribute positively to the school community. As a result of this, pupils rarely miss a day of school. We make a clear and explicit link between their junior school education and their life chances, actively engaging pupils in considering their aims and ambitions for the future. Pupils understand how their education equips them with the behaviours and attitudes necessary for success in their next stage of education and for their adult life. Pupils are encouraged to develop confidence and to become self-assured learners, and this has a positive impact on their progress. The children are proud of their achievements and of this school.

The staff are here to enable children to develop excellent learning behaviours, social interaction skills and emotional literacy. We recognise that children have different areas of strength and development, and that we, in partnership with their parents, are responsible for their education in its entirety; their attainment, achievement and their social and emotional development. The children are self-disciplined and incidents of low level disruption are extremely rare. The children are encouraged to discuss and debate issues in a considered way, showing respect for others' ideas and points of view. They have regular access on request to members of the Senior Leadership Team, and are positively encouraged to meet with the Headteacher to share their views in a professional manner, and pose challenge to the systems in place that impact on their school life. These challenges are posed politely and appropriately and equip children with the skills necessary for later life.

Nascot Wood Junior School provides children with a positive and calm environment, where high standards of behaviour are expected. A well-managed, orderly school, in which rules are agreed and understood by the children, encouraging them to react in a positive, responsible and caring manner.

For those children who have a disability and/or a Special Educational Need, or are in a vulnerable group, we recognise that it will be necessary to make some reasonable adjustments, which reflect advice given by external professionals, when implementing our behaviour policy.



2.1 Promoting positive behaviour

Exemplary behaviour begins with the culture of the school that is outlined on Page 6. Children want to behave well, because they see the positive outcomes of that behaviour. Children will regularly challenge each other if they feel that any behaviour doesn't meet the school's expectation.

We are clear about our expectations to ensure that children understand how they are expected to behave, and we reinforce any good behaviour we see.

Partnership working with Parents/carers is pivotal to the development of positive behaviour, and we strive to contact Parents when their child has done particularly well, to ensure that this dialogue is as balanced as possible.

We recognise the importance of all staff providing children with positive role models of behaviour by:

- Working hard and always doing their best
- Listening to children and treating them fairly
- Treating children, parents and colleagues with courtesy and respect
- Working positively in partnership with parents

The behavioural expectations for the children are listed overleaf.

Behavioural expectations within school

Be courteous and polite to all members of the school

Walk around the school building

Keep the school tidy

Ask permission before leaving any classroom

Hold doors open for adults and other children

Be responsible and report incidents/concerns to your Class Teacher/Teaching Assistant

Listen to the adult in charge and follow adult instructions at all times

Wear smart and appropriate school uniform

Behavioural expectations on the playground/field

Ensure that you only use the areas that you are told to use

Follow adult instructions

Stop when you hear the whistle

Line up in silence

Keep the playground tidy and litter free

Take care of the playground equipment

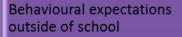
Report breakages/damage to a member of staff

Be responsible and report incidents/concerns to the adults on duty

Walk away from trouble and tell an adult

Report accidents/medical issues to a member of staff immediately

Play safely and treat each other with kindness and consideration



Be polite and courteous to members of the public

Be considerate when walking on the pathways

When wearing your school uniform, remember that you are an ambassador for the school

Consider how your behaviour may be perceived by members of the public/Parents and modify your behavior accordingly

Follow instructions from the adults in charge on school trips and behave as you would be expected to behave in school

2.2 Rewards

We aim to reward positive rather than emphasise negative attitudes to behaviour and work. For the majority of children this approach will work, sanctions should be needed only for a minority of children.

It is essential that the main focus for rewards and sanctions should be within the classroom, extending to Senior Management where necessary. They should be applied in a fair and consistent manner with appropriate parental involvement.

These can be given to individual children, small groups, classes, year groups as appropriate by:

- Midday Supervisors
- Teaching Assistants
- Class teachers
- Class teachers
- Head of Upper/lower Key stage
- Deputy Headteacher
- Headteacher

Rewards can include the following:

- Written praise e.g. a positive comment on work, report,
- Verbal praise e.g. to the child, parent, another adult in school
- Peer group praise e.g. a clap, name read out in class assembly
- House points, certificates for academic and non-academic achievement
- Headteacher award on work or as a sticker
- Trophies and Special Awards
- Placing value on achievements e.g. work shown to another class, name in
- Newsletter
- Special responsibilities e.g. head girl/head boy/head of house/peer mediator
- Child, group or class, singled out as a role model
- Weekly award of 'star of the week'/attendance at the 'golden tea party
- Special achievement postcard sent to parents

Gold Awards

These awards are given by the Headteacher at achievement assembly to pupils that have been reported to have had a significant achievement in the following areas:

Academic achievement

Respect and Friendship

Determination and overcoming adversity

Making a positive contribution to the lives of others

House System

The House system operates consistently throughout the School as follows:

- Classes are divided into 4 houses mixed ability and behaviour
- Weekly house points are announced in achievement assembly
- Children will be awarded house points for academic and non-academic achievement. When house points have been awarded they should not be taken away
- Children may mark up their own individual points, under supervision. The heads of house will total up the points on a weekly basis
- The winning house will be read out in the weekly Celebration Assembly.

Headteacher's Achievement Award

This is our highest award and is given at the end of each term to one child who has made the most significant contribution to the life of the school. The recipient is awarded a silver cup, which they keep for a term.

3.0 Definition of Bullying

At our school, we define bullying as:

Emotionally or physically harmful behaviour which is:

- repetitive, willful or persistent;
- intentionally harmful, carried out by an individual or a group;
- based on an imbalance of power leaving the person who is bullied feeling defenceless.

Forms of Bullying

Bullying may take the following forms:

- physical; hitting, kicking, pushing, tripping up etc.
- verbal; name calling, teasing, goading, spreading rumours etc.
- electronic/'online cyberbullying'; inappropriate messaging, inappropriate use of social media or games etc.
- indirect; by having nasty stories told about them; being left out, ignored or excluded from groups.

Bystander behaviour

We recognise that we all play a part in the anti-bullying culture of the school, and that everyone has a responsibility to challenge inappropriate behaviour.

'The world is a dangerous place, not because of those who do evil, but because of those who look on and do nothing.' Albert Einstein

How we Promote an Anti-Bullying Culture in our School

- We promote a healthy, safe and caring environment for all pupils and staff. We discuss the consequences of bullying behaviour
- We provide a broad and balanced curriculum for all our pupils, having considered gender, ability, ethnicity, religion and culture.
- We promote pupils' self-esteem and emotional wellbeing and help them to form and maintain worthwhile and satisfying relationships, based on respect for themselves and for others, at home, school, work and in the community.
- We prepare our pupils to confidently meet the challenges of adult life.
- We provide sufficient information and support to enable our pupils to make safe choices.
- Through an enriched curriculum, we provide pupils with opportunities to develop the necessary skills to manage their lives effectively.
- We help our pupils to learn to respect themselves and others and move safely from childhood, through adolescence, into adulthood.
- We create a wider awareness of religious, cultural and moral values within a Christian framework and respect for different ethnic groups, religious beliefs and ways of life.
- We promote an inclusive ethos and a culture of mutual respect where diversity and difference are recognised, appreciated and celebrated.

Responding to Incidents of Bullying

The school has an agreed procedure for responding consistently to incidents or allegations of bullying. At our school, all children are encouraged to report incidents of bullying whether they have been bullied or have witnessed bullying. When a child reports bullying, the school will acknowledge his/her concerns and the incident will be taken seriously. Incidents of bullying reported by parents or witnesses are treated in the same manner and will always lead to a conversation with the targeted child. Parents should initially report their concerns to their child's class teacher and the school will then investigate the incident and decide on an appropriate course of action.

A Restorative Approach

Where appropriate, and in most cases of bullying, the school will initially consider the use of a Restorative Approach to resolve the situation. A Restorative Approach involves perpetrators of bullying, focusing on their unacceptable behaviour in an emotionally intelligent way and ensures children causing harm are held to account for their behaviour by enabling them to:

- accept responsibility for the harm caused to the individual being bullied;
- accept responsibility for the harm caused to others (for example friends or family);
- recognise the need to take action to begin to repair the harm caused;
- agree a range of helpful actions to repair the harm caused, which will be monitored over an agreed period of time.

Working with Parents

Where the school has become aware of a bullying situation, parents/carers of the children involved will be informed and will be invited to the school to discuss their child's situation. The school will endeavour to involve parents/carers of children at an early stage to support the process of working together to find ways of resolving the situation and bringing about reconciliation.

Long lasting changes to behaviour take time, and can be best achieved when all parties (children, parents, school) work in partnership.

Offsite visits and residential trips

We are committed to offering a wide variety of offsite visits to enhance your children's experience at school. We also offer a residential trip to the Isle of Wight in year 6, and all these trips are thoroughly risk assessed in order to ensure the safety of all children and staff.

We recognise that there is an explicit link between children's behaviour and the safety of any offsite trip. Therefore, please note the following:

- Serious misbehaviour raises the possibility that your child could be withdrawn from school trips
- Serious misbehaviour during the visit may make it necessary for the parent to collect the child responsible at the parent's own expense

Behaviour structure: a levelled approach

Teachers must:

- manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment
- have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms
- take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school
- have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly
- manage classes effectively, using approaches which are appropriate to pupils' needs in order to involve and motivate them
 - maintain good relationships with pupils, exercise appropriate authority, and act decisively when necessary

Examples of bad behaviour		Level	Possible Sanctions
First instances of the following behaviours:		1	Reminder of the expected behaviour
	r own learning and/or that of others	1	The Class Teacher will tell the child to stop the behaviour
Being unkind to others			The Class Teacher will give the child a warning
Disrupting your of the second seco	wn learning and/or that of others	2	Up to 5 minutes lost Golden Time
 Disrupting your own learning and/or that of others Being unkind to others Failure to carry out homework tasks 	others		If lost Golden Time reaches 30 minutes in a half term, Parents/carers will be informed and asked to meet with the Class Teacher
			If lost Golden Time reaches 60 minutes in a half term, a Level 3 behaviour letter will be sent home, and Parents will be required to meet with the Class Teacher
			Up to 15 minutes lost Golden Time
 Deliberately dam Being rude to oth Deliberately not 	ners	3	A specified number of playtime/lunchtime detentions which will be recorded followed by a reintegration programme
 Deliberately not following instructions Rough play Repeated Level 2 behaviour 		3	If lost Golden Time reaches 30 minutes in a half term, Parents/carers will be informed and asked to meet with the Class Teacher
			If lost Golden Time reaches 60 minutes in a half term, a Level 3 behaviour letter will be sent home and Parents will be required to meet with the Class Teacher
 Physical violence Spitting at someone 			Following a 'phone call to the parents, the Class Teacher will send a Level 4 behaviour letter to Parents/carers, with a reply slip to return to school the following day
Offensive and ins	Offensive and insulting language (including racist, normalized including r	4	Parents/carers are called to a meeting with the Class Teacher and/or Senior Leader to discuss child's behaviour
 Bullying (including cyber bullying) Stealing 	ıg cyber bullying)		Parents will be expected to support and work in partnership with the schoo where necessary imposing appropriate sanctions at home
			A specified number of playtime/lunchtime detentions which will be recorde followed by a reintegration programme
Repeated Level 3 behaviour			Reintegration onto the playground with additional adult support as appropriate
			Parents may be asked to meet with the Class Teacher on a regular basis to monitor their child's behaviour/a home-school book may be used and entrie will be required from home and school as appropriate
			Up to 30 minutes lost Golden Time
			Three Level 4 letters in one half term may result in a Level 5 exclusion
			All Level 5 behaviour will be investigated by the Headteacher
 Actual serious violence or threatened serious violence Persistent, defiant behaviour Repeated Level 4 behaviour		5	Parents/carers will be informed by telephone and letter and regularly updated
			Parents will be expected to support and work in partnership with the schoo where necessary imposing appropriate sanctions at home
			Only the Headteacher may exclude children from the school Hertfordshire County Council Exclusion procedures will be followed
			An excluded child may not hold positions of responsibility during the same academic year

3.1 When Parents have a concern

The continued success of our school community is based on a commitment to ensuring the best possible outcomes for all our children. We recognize the importance of working in partnership with parents in order to achieve this, and endeavour to foster positive relationships which are based on trust and mutual respect.

i. We are committed to:

- □ Listening to parents carefully and respectfully, including allocating an appropriate time for a meeting which is safeguarded
- $\hfill\square$ Responding appropriately to the concern raised
- $\hfill\square$ Outlining any actions that may be required
- $\hfill\square$ Updating the parent on progress regularly
- $\hfill\square$ Listening and responding to updates from the parent
- ii. What we expect from you:

Parents should ...

- □ Communicate their concern respectfully and accurately
- $\hfill\square$ Listen to and consider the responses from the school
- □ Work in partnership with the school in order to reach a resolution, including supporting the school's levelled approach to behavior management
- \Box Allow time for the school to respond to the concern (3-5 working days)
- □ Acknowledge receipt of and respond as appropriate to school communication (emails, letters etc.)
- □ Acknowledge past support and intervention made by the school, even if a problem reoccurs

Parents should not make allegations against Teachers or the school on social media sites or bring the school into disrepute.

Failure to adhere to these standards is likely to impair the school's ability to respond effectively.

No Parent is permitted to discipline a child who is not their own, but instead should seek support from a member of staff, or report to a member of staff should they have concerns about a child's behaviour. Parents who take matters into their own hands risk a safeguarding action being taken against them.

Day to day access to a school is within the control of the Headteacher. Parents/carers are granted 'limited licence' to visit the grounds and buildings of the school.

In accordance with guidance from the professional teaching bodies, if any parent speaks to **any** member of staff aggressively, disrespectfully or in a rude manner, we reserve the right to end the meeting, and we will follow this up with one or more of the following:

- □ the school will send a letter to the parent outlining the reason the meeting could not continue, describing their misconduct, explaining its impact on the school and stating its unacceptability. A copy of this letter will be sent to the Chair of Governors
- □ the school will call a meeting to discuss the conduct of the parent which will be minuted, and the Local Authority will be informed
- $\hfill\square$ the school will vary the parent's 'licence' through the addition of restrictions and conditions

- □ the school will warn of the possibility of a 'ban' (i.e. the withdrawal of their 'licence') if the misconduct is repeated
- $\hfill\square$ the school will impose a ban with a review after a fixed period
- $\hfill\square$ the school will impose a ban without review

3.2 Identifying the level of your concern

Your child is part of a school community and, therefore from time to time, will come into conflict with others, misplace their property or struggle with friendships. Although we regularly help children to resolve their day to day problems, we must also ensure that they build resilience and learn how to overcome problems independently.

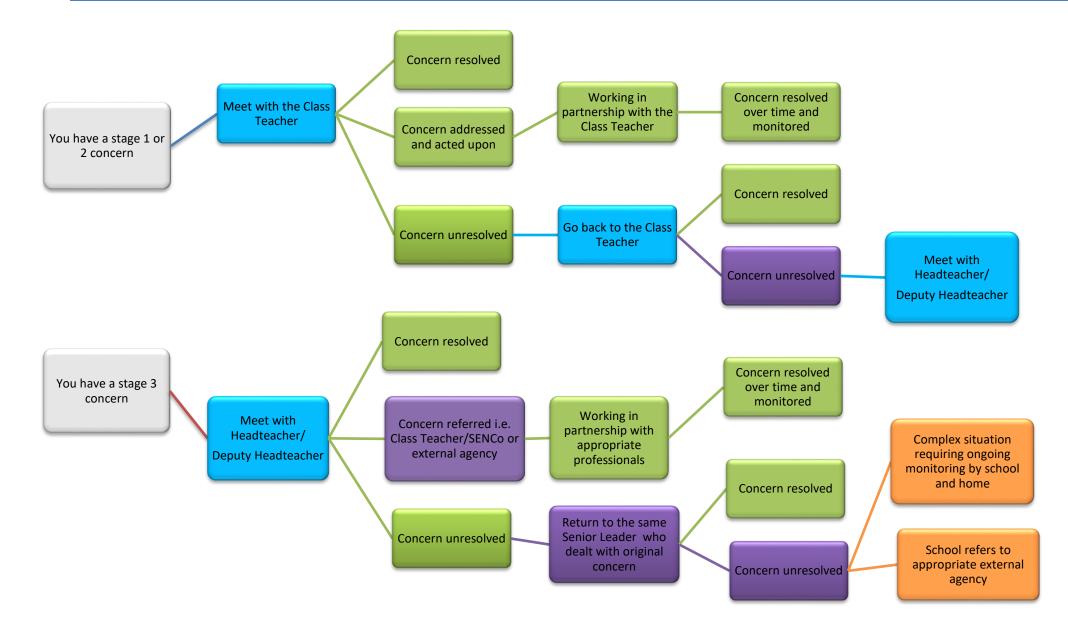
Most concerns should be communicated to the Class Teacher, as they are best placed to identify, modify and monitor behaviour in the classroom. It may be necessary to see the Class Teacher on several occasions in order to satisfactorily resolve your concern.

Examples of a Stage 1 concern	Meet with and/or report to:
Examples of a Stage 1 concernMy child is not making the progress I would expectMy child has told me that someone was unkind tothem/hit themMy child's named property has gone missingThe Class Teacher imposed a sanction upon my childMy child is having difficulty with friendshipMy child is not eating at lunchtimeMy child's named school uniform is missingMy child has sprained their ankle and cannot do PEMy child is not reading widely enough at homeI would like some advice about how best to support mychild's learningMy child needs to go up a level in Mathematics home	Meet with and/or report to: Class Teacher

Examples of a Stage 2 concern	Meet with and/or report to:
Repeated incidents of 'stage 1' concern	
Repeated incidents of low level concern that have not yet	
been brought to the attention of the Class Teacher	Class Teacher
Repeated incidents of low level concern that have been	
brought to the attention of the Class Teacher, but not	
brought to a satisfactory conclusion	

Examples of a Stage 3 concern	Meet with and/or report to:
Repeated incidents of 'stage 2' concerns	
Child protection concerns/issues	
Bullying (as defined in 3.0 What we do when things go	Headteacher/Deputy Headteacher
wrong)	
A concern of a private/personal nature	

3.3 Parental concern flowchart (to be read in conjunction with 3.2)



Opportunities to raise a concern

- Miss Teer (Administrative Assistant) is in the Reception area each morning to deal with any parental queries
- All Class Teachers are willing to meet with parents, by appointment through the school office
- Appointments with the Headteacher, Deputy Headteacher and Class Teachers can be booked by 'phone (01923 238784) or via email admin@nascotwoodjm.herts.sch.uk
- We operate an open door policy and parents are invariably able to meet with the Headteacher or Class Teacher on the day of request, subject to availability
- We often respond to an initial concern within 24 hours, but will always respond within 3-5 working days after the concern has been raised/received

4.0 Monitoring and Evaluation

The implementation of this policy will be monitored by the Headteacher and Deputy Headteacher. A report on its effectiveness, including a summary of incidents recorded, will form part of the Headteacher's written termly report to the Governing Body.

4.1 Review

The Headteacher and the Governing Body will review this policy annually.

Parental reply slip

Please tick the following:

confirm that I have read the Behaviour Policy
confirm that I have talked/will talk to my child about the expected standards of behaviour
will ensure that I meet the standards outlined in the policy
will give the school adequate time to deal with concerns that I raise
will work positively in partnership with the school

Signed.....

Name of child (*BLOCK CAPITALS*)

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Behaviour Policy Sept 2022